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FACSIMILE TRANSMITTAL SHEET		
DATE:	October 10, 2007	
TO:	Central FAX Number	RE: OIPE - Filing Receipt Correction
FAX NO.:	1-571-273-8300	1 A A
FROM:	Abigail Dejnak	
OUR REF:	BPD-0003	APPL NO.: 10/561,620
TITLE:	PAPER PRODUCTION WITH MODIFIED SILICA GELS AS MICROPARTICLES	
TOTAL NUMBER OF PAGES SENT (INCLUDING THIS COVER SHEET): 2		
COMMEN	I'S: Please correct the error Filing Receipt.	as indicated on page 2 of the attached
	Thank you.	

If there are any problems with this transmission, please call (860) 286-2929 and ask for Abigail Dejnak at extension 1238.

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Convention, is **US10/561,620**

Projected Publication Date: 11/29/2007

Non-Publication Request: No

Early Publication Request: No

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OCT 1 0 2007

Title

GELS

Paper Production with Modified Silica (Sols) as Microparticles

Preliminary Class

502

PROTECTING YOUR INVENTION OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES

Since the rights granted by a U.S. patent extend only throughout the territory of the United States and have no effect in a foreign country, an inventor who wishes patent protection in another country must apply for a patent in a specific country or in regional patent offices. Applicants may wish to consider the filing of an international application under the Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT). An international (PCT) application generally has the same effect as a regular national patent application in each PCT-member country. The PCT process simplifies the filing of patent applications on the same invention in member countries, but does not result in a grant of "an international patent" and does not eliminate the need of applicants to file additional documents and fees in countries where patent protection is desired.

Almost every country has its own patent law, and a person desiring a patent in a particular country must make an application for patent in that country in accordance with its particular laws. Since the laws of many countries differ in various respects from the patent law of the United States, applicants are advised to seek guidance from specific foreign countries to ensure that patent rights are not lost prematurely.

Applicants also are advised that in the case of inventions made in the United States, the Director of the USPTO must issue a license before applicants can apply for a patent in a foreign country. The filing of a U.S. patent application serves as a request for a foreign filing license. The application's filing receipt contains further information and guidance as to the status of applicant's license for foreign filing.

Applicants may wish to consult the USPTO booklet, "General Information Concerning Patents" (specifically, the section entitled "Treaties and Foreign Patents") for more information on timeframes and deadlines for filing foreign patent applications. The guide is available either by contacting the USPTO Contact Center at 800-786-9199, or it can be viewed on the USPTO website at http://www.uspto.gov/web/offices/pac/doc/general/index.html.

For information on preventing theft of your intellectual property (patents, trademarks and copyrights), you may wish to consult the U.S. Government website, http://www.stopfakes.gov. Part of a Department of Commerce initiative, this website includes self-help "toolkits" giving innovators guidance on how to protect intellectual property in specific countries such as China, Korea and Mexico. For questions regarding patent enforcement issues, applicants may call the U.S. Government hotline at 1-866-999-HALT (1-866-999-4158).

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